Indicating Climate Change Vulnerabilities To Inform Seaport Resilience















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Maritime Risk Symposium, UNC, --November 14, 2016

Ports: Critical, complex, constrained, exposed

Critical - Economic engines at every scale

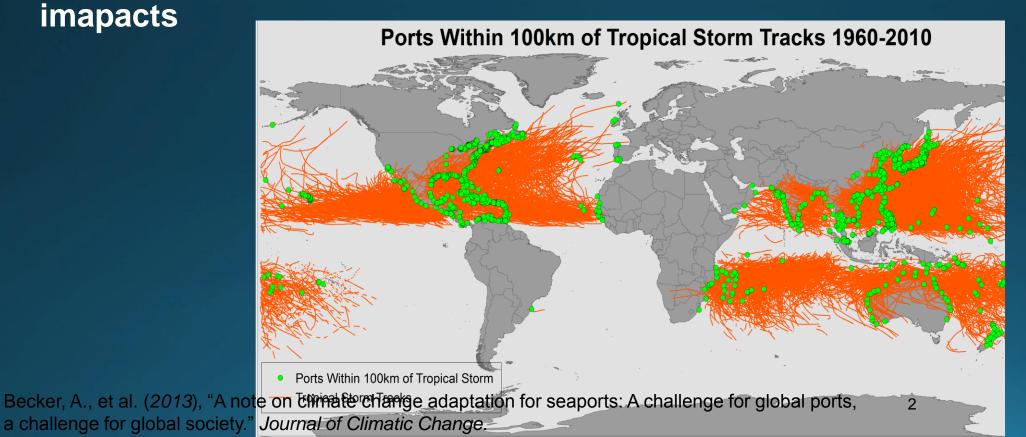
Complex – Multiple stakeholders across space and time

Constrained - Dependent on specific and environmentally-sensitive

locations

Exposed – Located in coastal areas that face sea level rise and storm

imapacts



Coastal hazard challenges for Ports



Doubling of Cat 4 and 5 tropical storms 1-in-100 year storm event of today

Sea levels to rise 0. 1.9 meters by 2100

1-in-3 year storm event of 2100 Inland flooding

Coastal Hazards - A Wicked Problem

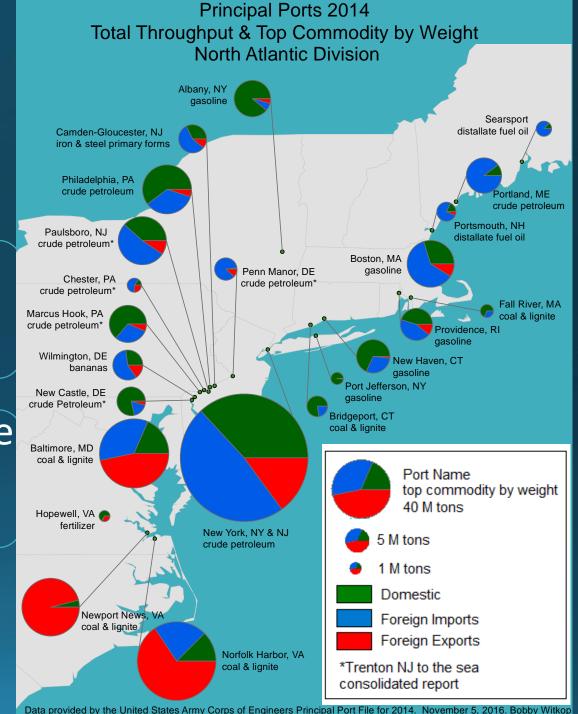
Uncertain rates of change
Feedback loops
Misaligned incentives
Unclear funding streams
Complex adaptation options
Winners & losers
Limited resources to go around
Limited information

Resilience investment strategies

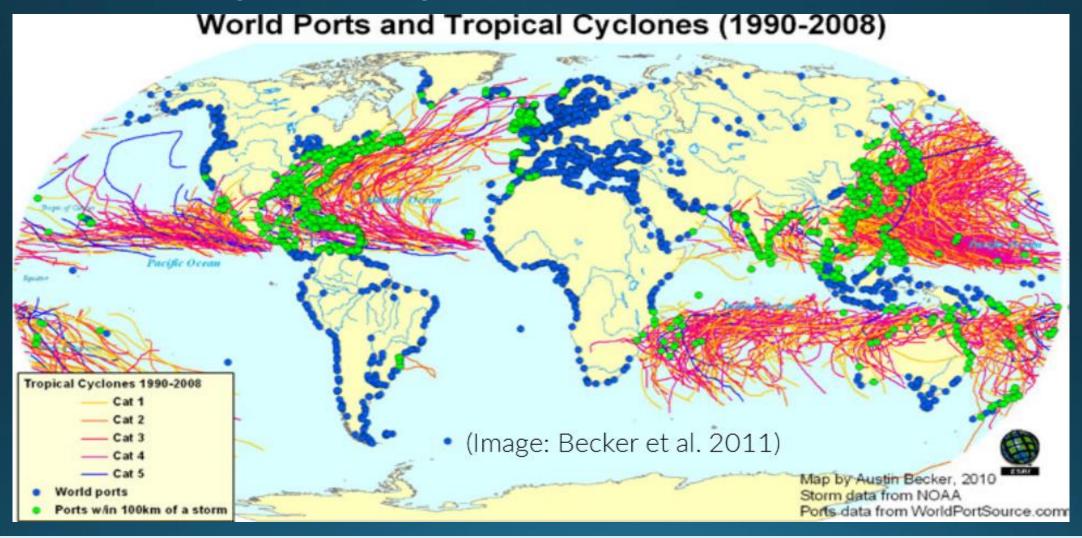
Pilot study with USACE on 23 Ports

Is there available data to indicate climate vulnerability for the pilot studied ports?

What indicators represent three components of climate vulnerability for seaports?

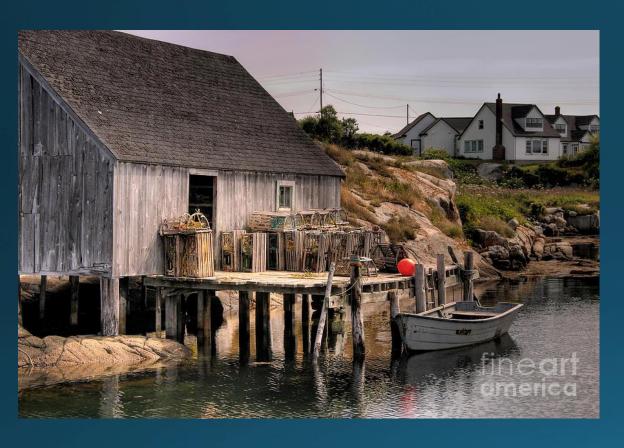


What is Seaport Exposure?



'The presence of people, livelihoods, species or ecosystems, environmental functions, services, and resources, infrastructure, or economic, social, or cultural assets in places and settings that could be adversely affected.' (IPCC 2014)

What is Seaport Sensitivity?





'The degree to which a system is affected, either adversely or beneficially, by climate-related stimuli.' (IPCC 2011)

What is Seaport Adaptive Capacity (AC)?

Low AC Neutral High AC

- No port master plan
- Low operational flexibility
- Limited redundancy
- Site conditions not
 - conducive to storm
 - infrastructure
- Little available funding

- Port master plan that considers climate
- Operational flexibility
- High operational efficiency
- Access to funding



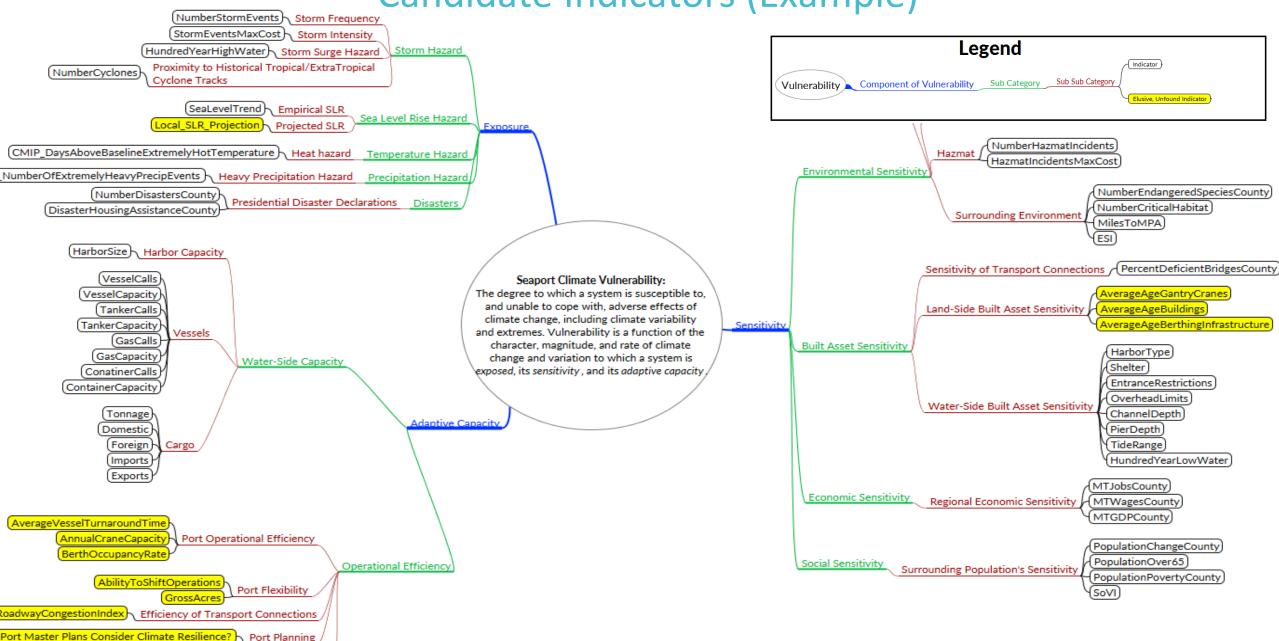
'The ability of systems, institutions, humans and other organisms to adjust to potential damage, to take advantage of opportunities, or to respond to consequences.' (IPCC 2014)

Candidate Vulnerability Indicators By Source

Adaptive

LOSPATIAL INTELLIGIE		Exposure	Sensitivity	Capacity
ATTOWN TO THE TOTAL OF THE TOTA	World Port Index (Pub 150)		7	1
Lanno compared to	U.S. DOT Maritime Administration			8
ADMINIST ADMINISTRA	U.S. DOT Climate Data Processing Tool	2		
THE STATE OF THE S	U.S. DOT Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration		2	
	U.S. DOT Federal Highway Administration: National Bridge Inventory		1	
	USACE Navigation Data Center			5
	USACE: Waterborne Commerce of the US		1	
	NOAA Office for Coastal Management: Economics: National Ocean Watch		3	
W Explorer astal Services Center	NOAA Office for Coastal Management: Coastal County Snapshots		2	
	NOAA Extreme Water Levels	1	1	
TO AMOSPATIC LA MARKET OF COMPANY	NOAA Historical Hurricane Tracks Tool	1		
	NOAA National MPA Center: MPA Inventory		1	
	NOAA Office for Coastal Management: Quick Report Tool for Socioeconomic Data		1	
THITED STATES OF THE PROPERTY	NOAA Office of Response and Restoration		1	
	NOAA Storm Events Database	2		
	NOAA Tides and Currents- Sea Level Trends	1		
	EPA Air Quality Index Report		1	
EMA 🍪	FEMA Hist. Disaster Housing Assistance	1		
	FEMA Historical Disaster Declarations	1		
U.S. FISH & WILDLIPE SERVICE	U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, Critical Habitat Portal		1	
	U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, Endangered Species		1	
	US Census Bureau: USA Trade Online		2	
	Social Vulnerability Index Data		1	

Candidate Indicators (Example)



PercentChange_Throughput Port Growth

Selecting Indicators



Delphi method

- Ilterative response type survey of expert elicitation
- "Obtains "opinion consensus" of a group of experts
- Questionnaires interspersed with feedback in the form of a statistical representation of the group response (Dalkey & Helmer 1963)

Example of expert group representation:

Practitioners







Government officials







NGOs







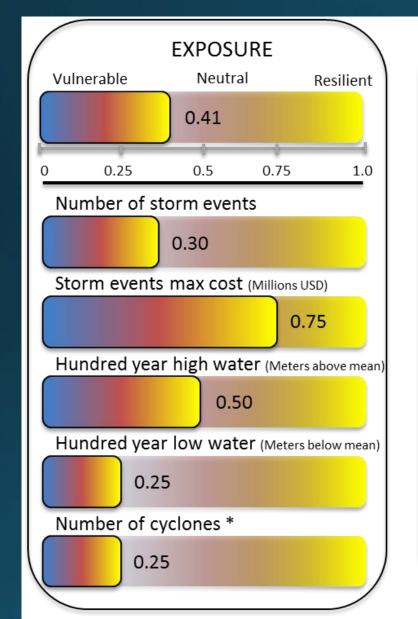
Academics

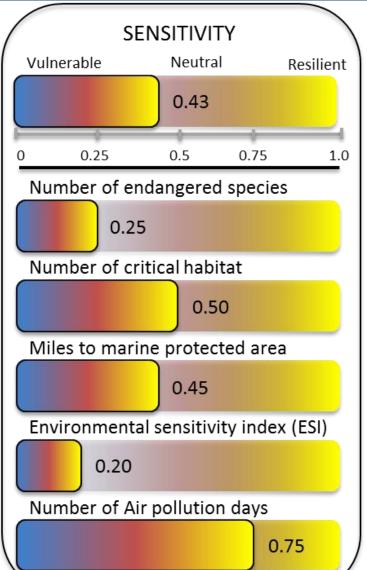


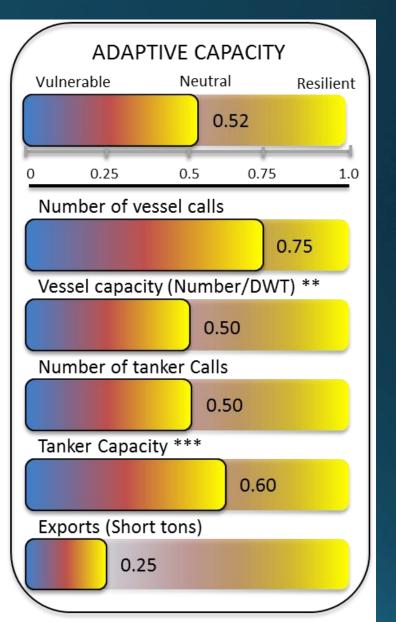




Hypothetical projected outcome for Port 'A'







Research Gaps

How to prioritize resilience investments?

Engage ALL stakeholders in dialogue to better understand risk.

Start conversations about transformational approaches early (now).

Thank You!

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Timeline

Jul. 2016 – Dec. 2017 Jan. – Jun. 2017 Jul. – Dec. 2017 Jul. – Sep. 2017

Jul. 2017 – Mar. 2018 Apr. – Nov. 2018

Identify indicators

Delphi 1 – Select indicators Develop weighting algorithms

Delphi II – Weight indicators

Develop and test model

Implement model towards port resilience